

Seminar/Talk

Nonvanishing at the critical point of the Dedekind zeta functions of cubic \$S_3\$-fields

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Host: Tim Browning

Let \$K\$ be a number field, and denote the Dedekind zeta function of \$K\$ by \$\zeta_K(s)\$. A classical question in number theory is: Can this zeta function vanish at the critical point \$s=1/2\$? In successive works, Armitage, and then Frohlich, gave examples of number fields which satisfy \$\zeta_K(s)=0\$. Conversely, it is believed that certain conditions on \$K\$ can guarantee the nonvanishing of \$\zeta_K(s)\$ at the critical point. For example, it is believed that \$\zeta_K(s)\$ is never \$0\$ when \$K\$ is an \$S_n\$-number field for any \$n\geq 1\$.When \$n=1\$, \$\zeta_K(s)\$ is simply the Riemann zeta function, and Riemann himself established the non vanishing of \$\zeta_K(1/2)\$. When \$n=2\$, there has been amazing progress towards understanding the statistics of \$\zeta_K(1/2)\$. Jutila first proved that infinitely many quadratic fields \$K\$ satisfy \$\zeta_K(1/2)\neq 0\$, and Soundararajan establishes that this is in fact true for at least \$87.5\%\$ of fields \$K\$ in families of quadratic fields.In this talk, I will discuss joint work with Anders Södergren and Nicolas Templier, in which we study the statistics of \$\zeta_K(1/2)\$ in families of \$S_3\$-cubic fields. In particular, we will prove that the Dedekind zeta functions of infinitely many such fields have nonvanishing critical value.

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